

## CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

The GEM positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a high investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

This report, for which the directors of China Data Broadcasting Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief: (1) the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading; (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement in this report misleading; and (3) all opinions expressed in this report have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

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### **Corporate Information**

of business

Registered office Clarendon House

2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

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Head office and principal place Unit 3701, 37/F, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre

168-200 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

Bermuda principal share registrar The Bank of Bermuda Limited

and transfer office Bank of Bermuda Building

6 Front Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Demiu

Hong Kong branch share registrar

and transfer office

Hong Kong Registrars Limited

1712-1716. Hopewell Centre

1712-1716, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

Principal bankers The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking

Corporation Limited

China Insurance Group Building

141 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan

Hong Kong

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Fubon Bank Building

38 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

Stock exchange Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock

Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock code 8016

Website www.cdb-holdings.com.hk

E-mail address LEE@cdb-holdings.com.hk

### **Corporate Information**

Board of Directors

Executive Directors Mr. YU Xiao Mr. TANG Yun

Mr. David JI Long Fen Mr. WU Xiang Tao Mr. XIANG Chao Yang Mr. WANG Zhen Hua

Ms. SHI Ping

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Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun

Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung

Mr. SUN Dong Feng

Authorised representatives Mr. TANG Yun

Mr. LEE Wing Lun CPA (HKICPA & CPA Aust.),

ACIS & ACS

Compliance officer Mr. TANG Yun

Qualified accountant Mr. LEE Wing Lun CPA (HKICPA & CPA Aust.),

ACIS & ACS

Company secretary Mr. LEE Wing Lun CPA (HKICPA & CPA Aust.),

ACIS & ACS

Bermuda resident representative Mr. John Charles Ross COLLIS

Bermuda deputy resident representative Mr. Anthony Devon WHALEY

Audit Committee Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun

Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung

Mr. SUN Dong Feng

Remuneration Committee Mr. YU Xiao

Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung

Mr. SUN Dong Feng

Nomination Committee Mr. YU Xiao

Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun

Mr. SUN Dong Feng

Auditor SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

16/F, United Centre 95 Queensway Hong Kong

### Chairman's Statement

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

• Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2009 was approximately 1.94 folds higher than the previous year, reaching approximately HK\$2,575.28 million.

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• A net profit of approximately HK\$21.47 million for the year ended 31 December 2009 was generated from business.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the year, the Group engaged in trading business in the consumer electronic industry (the "Trading Business"). The Group has accomplished an improved operating revenue of approximately HK\$2,575.28 million and a net profit of approximately HK\$21.47 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The Group's revenue for 2009 increased approximately 94% over that of 2008.

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's gross margin was approximately 2.43% which represented a remarkable growth of 18.25% as compared with 2008. The total selling expenses, administrative expenses and finance costs increased reasonably due to increase in revenue.

The Company raised a legal suit on 17 October 2008 at Shanghai in People's Republic of China ("PRC") against Apex Digital (Shanghai) Co., Limited (a subsidiary of former substantial shareholder, Apex Digital Inc. ("Apex Digital")) for the collection of the repayment of approximately HK\$6,640,000 which happened by the end of year 2006 and has been provided in the accounts of the year 2007. On 17 April 2009, the suit has been trailed by the court ordering Apex Digital (Shanghai) Co., Limited repay the said amount. Up to the date of this report, nothing has been received by the Company. Also the Company tried various measures for the collection of the service deposit of approximately HK\$2,496,000 owed by Ms. Fei Liqiong (an American) and which has been provided in the accounts of the year 2007, a repayment agreement has been proposed but has not been finalized as at the date of the report.

On 30 October 2009, trading of the Company's share has been resumed as the Company fulfilled all the resumption requirements from the Stock Exchange.

A new Master Supply and Purchase Agreement has entered into between the Company and the substantial shareholder (i.e. Sichuan Changhong Electric Co., Limited, "Changhong") on 20 November 2009 and has been approved by independent shareholders at the Special General Meeting ("SGM") held on 29 December 2009.

### Chairman's Statement

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's financial and liquidity positions are healthy and stable. As at 31 December 2009, the aggregate outstanding borrowings with related companies of the Group were approximately HK\$267.26 million which were unsecured and interested bearing (2008: HK\$669.96 million). Such fluctuation was within the normal pattern of operations of the Group. The Group's cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$76.87 million, together with trading receivables amounted to approximately HK\$679.10 million. The Group's net current assets approximate to HK\$13.52 million and the Group does not have any charges on its assets. The management is confident that the Group's financial resources are sufficient to finance the daily operation.

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The Group's monetary assets and liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. As the exchange rate between Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars is pegged, the Group believes its exposure to exchange risk is minimal.

#### **EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 December 2009, the total number of the Group's staff was 19. The total staff costs (including directors) amounted to approximately HK\$6.70 million for the year under review. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing industry practice. The Group provides retirement benefit for its employees in Hong Kong in form of mandatory provident fund.

The Group established a Share Options Scheme to reward its employees for their individual performance. As at 31 December 2009, there were no outstanding share options. During the year under review, no share option had been granted nor exercised. The Share Options Scheme has expired on 10 January 2010.

The Group did not experience any significant labour disputes or substantial change in the number of its employees that led to any disruption of normal business operations. The Directors consider the Group's relationship with its employees to be good.

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The Group manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, using the capital to promote the brand name products as ultimately increasing the market share in consumer industry. Further capital may be used to increase its horizon.

Capital of the Group comprises all components of equity, cash and bank balances and loan from a related company.

The usage of loan from a related company is used to support the daily operation.

### **Chairman's Statement**

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2009, the Group did not have any significant investment.

## FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCE OF FUNDING

The Group continued to consolidate its existing businesses while exploring new business opportunities that would enhance its existing businesses. As at 31 December 2009, the Group was considering various investment projects and options but had not made any decision for its pursuing.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2009, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### **OUTLOOK**

As the Company has established stable clientele bases of supplier and customers, there is a minimal effect by the financial crisis to the operations of the Company. The Company is confident that the Trading Business in the consumer electronic industry will build up a steady and considerable income stream of the Group. The management will put more efforts to explore further business opportunities in the consumer electronic industry, such as trading of finished goods/parts and components of televisions, set top boxes, fridges, notebooks and other products. The Board believes that the business will keep on the track and will continue to improve in the near future.

#### YU Xiao

Chairman

24 March 2010

# Biographical Details in Respect of Directors and Senior Management

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#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. YU Xiao**, aged 41, is the chairman of the Company. He is responsible for overseeing the strategies and directions of the Group. He holds a Bachelor Degree in National Economic Management from Sichuan University in the PRC and has more than 19 years of experience in financial and economic management.

**Mr. TANG Yun**, aged 44, is the managing director of the Company. He is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy and business direction of the Group. He obtained a Master Degree in Applied Physics from University of Electronic Science and Technology of China in the PRC and has more than 20 years of experience in engineering and marketing.

**Mr. WU Xiangtao**, aged 36, is responsible for import and export activities of the Group in PRC and Asia. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics and a Bachelor Degree in International Trade and Economics from Shandong University in the PRC and has more than 13 years of experience in import and export activities.

**Mr. XIANG Chao Yang**, aged 52, is responsible for the PRC legal matters of the Company. He obtained a Master Degree in Criminal Law of China from Sichuan University and a Bachelor Degree of Law from Southwest University of Political Science and Law in the PRC. He has more than 21 years of experience in law.

**Mr. David JI Long Fen**, aged 57, is responsible for the import and export activities of the Group in United States of America ("USA"). He graduated from the Department of Foreign Languages of Fudan University in Shanghai, the PRC and holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from Pacific States University in USA. He has more than 18 years of experience in the consumer electronics industry in USA, including sourcing and wholesale operations. In December 2002, Mr. Ji was elected by TIME Magazine and CNN from more than 100 nominees of young executives as one of 15 Global Influentials for the year 2002.

**Mr. WANG Zhenhua**, aged 57, is responsible for sourcing of supplier and technical support of the Group. He obtained a Master Degree in Business Administration from Tianjin University in the PRC and has more than 33 years experience in industrial and foreign trade enterprises.

**Ms. SHI Ping**, aged 47, is responsible for the investment and business merger of the Group. She obtained a Master Degree in Managerial Economics from Nanyang Technology University in Singapore, a Master Degree in Industrial Management Engineering from Chengdu University of Science and Technology and a Bachelor Degree in Chemical Engineering from Hunan University in the PRC and has more than 24 years experience in economics and engineering management.

# **Biographical Details in Respect of Directors and Senior Management**

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun, aged 38, is the chairman of the Audit Committee and is responsible for reviewing the internal control system. Mr. Chan is an Associate Director of Go-To-Asia Investment Limited and an independent non-executive director of Sino Katalytics Investment Corporation. He obtained his Bachelor Degree of Commerce in Accounting and Computer Information System from University of New South Wales, Australia. He is also a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants, Australia. He has over 11 years of experience in investment and corporate finance.

**Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung**, aged 53, is the member of the Audit Committee and is responsible for reviewing the internal control system. Mr. Ip is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong and is a non-executive director of Poly (Hong Kong) Investment Limited. He obtained the Bachelor Degree in Arts from University of Hong Kong and held a CPE Diploma and Diploma in Law from the College of Law, United Kingdom. He is also a member of the Law Society of Hong Kong and the Law Society of England and Wales. He has over 28 years of experience in legal aspects.

**Mr. SUN Dongfeng**, aged 42, is the member of the Audit Committee and is responsible for reviewing the internal control system. Mr Sun is a senior partner of Guantao Law Firm as well as a legal advisor for a numbers of companies. He graduated from China University of Political Science and Law, and obtained a Master Degree of Law in International Economics from the School of Law of University of Canberra, Australia. He has over 13 years of experience in legal aspects.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. LEE Wing Lun, aged 51, is the financial controller and company secretary of the Group and is responsible for the financial and accounting management and secretarial affairs of the Group. Also Mr. Lee is an independent non-executive director of Vinco Financial Group Limited. He graduated from Australian National University with a Bachelor Degree in Commerce and obtained a Master Degree of Corporate Governance and Postgraduate Diploma in Corporate Administration from Polytechnic University of Hong Kong. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the CPA Australia, the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. He has over 15 years of working experience in auditing, accounting and finance matters including over 6 years in several audit firms and has been the financial controller of a trading group.

The Board considers that maintaining high standard of corporate governance and business ethics will serve the long term interest of the Company and of its shareholders. The principles adopted by the Board emphasise a quality board, sound internal control, accountability to shareholders and thus an ethical corporate culture established.

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Pursuant to the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules which sets out corporate governance principles (the "Principles") and code provisions (the Code Provisions), the Company has applied most of the Code Provisions as far as possible and practicable. An explanation for any deviation is adhered.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has complied with the requirements of director's securities transaction stated in the GEM Listing Rules. All the directors of the Company have confirmed than they have complied with the requirements as set out in the GEM Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2009.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD MEETING**

The Board comprises of 10 members and their positions are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. YU Xiao

Mr. TANG Yun

Ms. SHI Ping

Mr. David JI Long Fen

Mr. XIANG Chao Yang

Mr. WANG Zhenhua

Mr. WU Xiangtao

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun

Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung

Mr. SUN Dongfeng

Profiles of Directors are set out on pages 8 to 9 of this annual report for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The directors, with relevant and sufficient experience and qualifications, have exercised due care, fiduciary duties to the significant issues of the Group. The directors have no relation to each other and all directors have no business relation with the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, details of the attendance of the directors at the respective meetings were as follows:

		Audit	Nomination F	Remuneration
	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee
Name of Directors	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting
Executive Director				
Mr. David JI Long Fen	0/11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr. YU Xiao	7/11	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. TANG Yun	11/11	1/5	N/A	N/A
Mr. XIANG Chao Yang	7/11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr. WANG Zhenhua	6/11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ms. SHI Ping	6/11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mr. WU Xiangtao	11/11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Independent Non-Executive Director				
Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun	6/11	5/5	N/A	N/A
Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung	4/11	4/5	N/A	1/1
Mr. SUN Dongfeng	3/11	5/5	N/A	1/1

The Board also approved matters by resolution writing. Information of material issues, due notice of meeting and minutes of each directors' meeting have been sent to each of the directors for their information, comment and review.

During the meeting, the Board discussed and formulated the overall strategies of the Group, reviewed and monitored the business and financial performances. The quarterly, half-yearly and annual results and other significant matters were also discussed and decided.

The management is responsible for the daily operations of the Group. For significant matters that are specifically delegated by the Board, the management must report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Group.

#### CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

The Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Managing Director should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

During the year, Mr. YU Xiao was appointed as chairman and Mr. TANG Yun was appointed as managing director. Despite the aforesaid, the Board will review such arrangement from time to time.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive directors is appointed to a twelve month auto-renewable service agreement with a fixed amount per annum. None of each has served the Group for more than nine years.

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All independent non-executive directors have confirmed their independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers they are independent.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee currently comprises two independent non-executive directors and one executive director. It is chaired by an executive director.

During the year, the Committee held a meeting and the details of attendance was set out on page 11 of the report.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The remuneration of the audit service rendered by the auditor of the Group was mutually agreed in view of the scope of services in the total amount of HK\$850,000. The auditor and its affiliates also provided non-audit service (i.e. issue of proforma and comfort letter on working capital sufficiency and issue of confirmation letter on continuing connected transaction) to the Company which amounted to HK\$270,000 during the period.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee currently comprises three independent non-executive directors. At the discretion of the Committee, executive directors and/or senior management personnel, overseeing the Group's finance and internal control functions, may be invited to attend meeting.

During the year, the Committee held five meetings and the details of attendance was set out on page 11 of the report. The annual results for the year ended 31 December 2009 was reviewed by the Committee.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The nomination committee currently comprises two independent non-executive directors and one executive director. It is chaired by an executive director.

During the year, the Committee did not hold any meeting.

#### PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibilities for the establishment of, maintaining an adequate and effective internal control system and for reviewing its effectiveness to safeguard the Company's assets against unauthorized use or disposition, and to protect the interest of shareholders of the Company.

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

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#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2009 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 25 to 68.

The board do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year (2008: Nil).

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group is as follows:

#### Results

		Year	ended 31 D	ecember	
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover	2,575,279	1,324,975	320,949	22,928	28,927
Cost of sales	(2,512,715)	(1,297,743)	(315,952)	(28,496)	(28,185)
Gross profit/(loss)	62,564	27,232	4,997	(5,568)	742
Other income	226	8,378	184	22,426	144
Distribution and selling expenses	(6,808)	(2,792)	(272)	(1,087)	(956)
Administrative expenses	(12,864)	(9,837)	(8,252)	(6,256)	(8,547)
Other operating (expenses)/Income				(25,385)	(395)
Profit/(Loss) from operations	43,118	22,981	(3,343)	(15,870)	(9,012)
Finance cost	(17,248)	(15,279)	(61)	(251)	(354)
Dustit//Local haters Tox	05.070	7 700	(0.404)	(10 101)	(0,000)
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	25,870	7,702	(3,404)	(16,121)	(9,366)
Tax	(4,403)	(2,000)	(492)	(74)	16
Profit/(Loss) for the year	21,467	5,702	(3,896)	(16,195)	(9,350)
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company	21,467	5,702	(3,896)	(16,195)	(9,350)

#### **Assets and Liabilities**

			31 Decemb	oer	
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					(Restated)
Total Assets Total Liabilities	803,376 (789,312)	951,885 (959,288)	104,897 (118,002)	1,605 (10,814)	42,222 (35,236)
Total Elabilities	(109,312)	(909,200)	(110,002)	(10,014)	(33,230)
Total Equity	14,064	(7,403)	(13,105)	(9,209)	6,986

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#### **FIXED ASSETS**

Details of movements in the fixed assets of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the year, together with the reasons thereof, are set out in notes 30 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the bye-laws of the Company or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to its existing shareholders.

## PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year under review, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

At 31 December 2009, the Company did not have any reserves available for distribution, other than the Company's share premium account, in the amount of approximately HK\$28.54 million, which may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 67.07% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 45.81%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 78.47% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 23.74%.

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Whereas three customers and one supplier were subsidiaries of Changhong, the sales and purchase accounted for approximately 17.03% and 23.38% of the total sales and purchase respectively for the year. Also Changhong was one of the largest customer and supplier which accounted for approximately 45.81% and 21.14% of the total sales and purchases respectively.

Save as aforesaid, none of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year were:

#### **Executive directors:**

Mr. YU Xiao

Ms. SHI Ping

Mr. David JI Long Fen

Mr. TANG Yun

Mr. WU Xiangtao

Mr. XIANG Chao Yang

Mr. WANG Zhenhua

#### Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Jonathan CHAN Ming Sun

Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung

Mr. SUN Dongfeng

In accordance with clause 86 of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Robert IP Chun Chung, Mr. SUN Dongfeng and Mr. WU Xiangtao will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES**

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on page 8 to 9 of the annual report.

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#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

All directors (including directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting) have a yearly service contract with the Company.

Save as aforesaid, none of the directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

#### INTERESTS OF THE DIRECTORS IN THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2009, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the ordinary Shares of the Company (the "Shares"), underlying Shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

#### Long positions in Shares

Name of Director	Number of Shares	Capacity	Type of Interest	Approximate percentage of interest
Mr. David Ji Long Fen	44,520,000	Beneficial owner	Personal	14.00

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2009, none of the Directors had interests in any securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate. No options have been granted to the directors up to the date of this report.

#### INTERESTS OF THE SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2009, the persons or companies (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who were directly or indirectly deemed to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group were as follows:

#### Long positions in Shares

Name of substantial shareholder	Capacity	Number of Shares	Approximate percentage of interest
Changhong	Directly beneficially owned	95,368,000	29.99
Sichuan Investment Management Company Limited	Directly beneficially owned	83,009,340	26.10
Mr. Ji	Directly beneficially owned	44,520,000	14.00
Ms. Liu Ru Ying (note (a))	Through spouse	44,520,000	14.00

Note

(a) Ms. Liu Ru Ying is the spouse of Mr. Ji and, under Section 316 of the SFO, is therefore deemed to be interested in all 44,520,000 shares in which Mr. Ji is interested.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors were not aware of any other person who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who was interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital, or options in respect of such capital, carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company.

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#### **COMPETING INTEREST**

Apex Digital is wholly owned by Mr. Ji from 10 April 2006. Apex Digital is principally engaged in the wholesaling business of consumer home electronics items under the name of "APEX Digital".

Changhong is a substantial shareholder of the Company which incorporated in the PRC and is listed in PRC Stock Exchange. Changhong is principally engaged in the wholesaling business of consumer home electronics items under the name of "Changhong".

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors or the management shareholders of the Company (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had an interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group during the period.

#### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year 2009, the following continuing connected transactions were carried out by the Group.

#### (a) Master Supply Agreement

On 18 April 2007, the Company entered into framework agreement ("Master Supply Agreement") with Changhong in relation to the supply of electronic products and components to Changhong and its subsidiaries. For the year ended 31 December 2009, the transactions amount under the Master Supply Agreement is subject to a cap of HK\$2,184.00 million (2008: HK\$2,106.00 million). The transactions under the Master Supply Agreement are subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

For the year ended 31 December 2009, the sale made under the Master Supply Agreement amounted to HK\$1,776.68 million (2008: HK\$1,075.99 million) in total. The Master Supply Agreement will be expired on 31 December 2009. A new Master Supply Agreement has entered into between the Company and Changhong on 20 November 2009 and has been approved by independent shareholders at the SGM held on 29 December 2009, details are referred to the relevant announcements of the Company dated 10 and 29 December 2009.

#### (b) Master Purchase Agreement

On 9 May 2007, the Company entered into framework agreement ("Master Purchase Agreement") with Changhong in relation to the purchase of consumer electronic products from Changhong and its subsidiaries. The transactions amount under the Master Purchase Agreement is subject

to a cap of HK\$526.50 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The transactions under the Master Purchase Agreement are subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. In mid October 2009, the Company noted that the transactions amounting to HK\$699.67 million between the Group and Changhong for the period from 1 January 2009 to 30 September 2009 has exceeded the 2009 annual cap under the Master Purchase Agreement. Accordingly, a SGM was held on 29 December 2009 to approve and ratify the 2009 annual cap to HK\$1,250.00 million, details are referred to the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2009.

For the year ended 31 December 2009, the purchase made under the Master Purchase Agreement amounted to HK\$1,160.05 million (2008: HK\$308.83 million) in total. The Master Purchase Agreement will be expired on 31 December 2009. A new Master Purchase Agreement has entered into between the Company and Changhong on 20 November 2009, and has been approved by independent shareholders at the SGM held on 29 December 2009, details are referred to the relevant announcements of the Company dated 10 and 29 December 2009.

#### Confirmation of Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company's independent non-executive directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that these transactions have been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on terms no less favorable to the Group than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

#### Confirmation from Auditor of the Company

The Board of Directors (the "Board") has received a confirmation from the auditor of the Company with respect to the above continuing connected transactions and the letter stated that for the year 2009, the above continuing connected transactions:

- (i) have been approved by the Board;
- (ii) have been entered into in accordance with the terms of the agreement governing the transactions; and
- (iii) have not exceeded the cap amount announced by the Company.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF BEST PRACTICE

To the best knowledge of the Board, the Company had complied with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

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#### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 were audited by Messrs. SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited who shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

For and on behalf of the Board

#### YU Xiao

Chairman

Hong Kong 24 March 2010

### **Independent Auditor's Report**



**SHINEWING** (HK) CPA Limited 16/F., United Centre 95 Queensway, Hong Kong

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA DATA BROADCASTING HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Data Broadcasting Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 25 to 68, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2009, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Pang Wai Hang
Practising Certificate Number: P05044

Hong Kong 24 March 2010 For the year ended 31 December 2009

	NOTES	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Turnover	7	2,575,279	1,324,975
Cost of sales		(2,512,715)	(1,297,743)
Gross profit		62,564	27,232
Other income	8	226	8,378
Distribution and selling expenses		(6,808)	(2,792)
Administrative expenses		(12,864)	(9,837)
Finance costs	10	(17,248)	(15,279)
Profit before tax		25,870	7,702
Income tax expenses	12	(4,403)	(2,000)
Profit and total comprehensive income			
for the year attributable to owners of the Company	14	21,467	5,702
Earnings per share			
Basic	16	6.75 cents	1.79 cents

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

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As at 31 December 2009

	NOTES	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Non-current asset Plant and equipment	17	540	77
Current assets Inventories Trade and bills receivables Trade deposits paid Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from related companies Amount due from a director Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 24	8,437 679,097 9,224 524 69 39 28,572 76,874	2,169 446,058 383,961 486 102 - 80,015 39,017
Current liabilities  Trade and bills payables Other payables Customer deposits Amount due to a director Tax liabilities Borrowings	25 26 27 28 29	802,836 455,292 4,937 54,534 5 7,285 267,259 789,312	951,808 255,946 7,635 19,271 5 6,475 654,455
Net current assets		13,524	8,021
Total assets less current liabilities		14,064	8,098
Capital and Reserves Share capital Share premium and reserves  Equity attributable to owners of the Company	30 <b>y</b>	7,950 6,114 14,064	7,950 (15,353) (7,403)
Non-current liability Borrowings	29	_	15,501
		14,064	8,098

The consolidated financial statements on pages 25 to 68 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2010 and are signed on its behalf by:

YU Xiao Director TANG Yun
Director

### **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended 31 December 2009

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Accumulated losses  HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2008	7,950	28,537	(49,592)	(13,105)
Total comprehensive income for the year			5,702	5,702
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	7,950	28,537	(43,890)	(7,403)
Total comprehensive income for the year			21,467	21,467
At 31 December 2009	7,950	28,537	(22,423)	14,064

### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:	25,870	7,702
Depreciation for plant and equipment Interest income Finance costs	76 (198) 17,248	100 (1,303) 15,279
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Increase in inventories Increase in trade and bills receivables Decrease (increase) in trade deposits paid Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Decrease (increase) in amounts due from related companies Increase in amount due from a director Increase in trade and bills payables (Decrease) increase in other payables	42,996 (6,268) (233,039) 374,737 (38) 33 (39) 199,346 (2,698)	21,778 (2,169) (385,696) (365,771) (15) (37) – 222,976 4,049
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	35,263	(37,194)
Cash generated from (used in) operations Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	410,293 (3,593)	(542,079) (1,002)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	406,700	(543,081)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchases of plant and equipment Interest received	(539) 198	(31) 1,303
NET CASH (USED IN) GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(341)	1,272
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Decrease (increase) in pledged bank deposits (Repayment of) loan from a related company Net borrowings (repaid) arisen from	51,443 (379,425)	(80,015) 441,425
discounted bills with recourse Interest paid Repayment of loan from a substantial shareholder	(23,272) (17,248)	228,531 (15,279) (19,499)
NET CASH (USED IN) GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(368,502)	555,163
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	37,857	13,354
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	39,017	25,663
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR, represented by bank balances and cash	76,874	39,017

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Data Broadcasting Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business is located at Unit 3701, 37/F., West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The trading of the shares of the Company in the Stock Exchange has been suspended since 28 December 2004 at the request of the Company and has been resumed on 30 October 2009.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") which is different from the functional currency of the Company, being United States dollars ("USD"). As the Company is a public company with the shares listed on the Stock Exchange with most of its investors located in Hong Kong, and therefore the directors consider that Hong Kong dollars is preferable in presenting the operating result and financial position of the Group.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations ("new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 1 (Revised 2007)

HKAS 23 (Revised 2007)

HKAS 32 & 1 (Amendments)

HKFRS 1 & HKAS 27

(Amendments)

HKFRS 2 (Amendment)

HKFRS 7 (Amendment)

HKFRS 8

HK(IFRIC) - Interpretation ("Int") 9

& HKAS 39 (Amendments)

HK(IFRIC) - Int 13

HK(IFRIC) - Int 15

HK(IFRIC) - Int 16

HK(IFRIC) - Int 18

HKFRSs (Amendments)

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Presentation of Financial Statements

**Borrowing Costs** 

Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising

on Liquidation

Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled

Entity or Associate

Vesting Conditions and Cancellations

Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments

Operating Segments

**Embedded Derivatives** 

Customer Loyalty Programmes

Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate

Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

Transfers of Assets from Customers

Improvements to HKFRSs Issued in 2008, except for

the amendment to HKFRS 5 that is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009

Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009 in relation

to the amendment to paragraph 80 of HKAS 39

Except as described below, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current or prior accounting periods.

#### HKAS 1 (Revised 2007) Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 1 (Revised 2007) has introduced terminology changes (including revised titles for the financial statements) and changes in the format and content of the financial statements.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

## Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments (Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)

The amendments to HKFRS 7 expand the disclosures required in relation to fair value measurements in respect of financial instruments which are measured at fair value. The amendments also expand and amend the disclosures required in relation to liquidity risk. The Group has not provided comparative information for the expanded disclosures in accordance with the transitional provision set out in the amendments.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements to
	HKFRSs 2008 <sup>1</sup>
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs in 2009 <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures <sup>3</sup>
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements <sup>1</sup>
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Classification of Rights Issues <sup>4</sup>
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible Hedged Items <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of HKFRSs <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters <sup>5</sup>
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions <sup>5</sup>
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments <sup>6</sup>
HK(IFRIC) - Int 14 (Amendment)	Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement <sup>3</sup>
HK(IFRIC) - Int 17	Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners <sup>1</sup>
HK(IFRIC) - Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments <sup>7</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009.
- Amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 and 1 January 2010, as appropriate.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010.
- <sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010.
- <sup>6</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

The application of HKFRS 3 (Revised) may affect the accounting for business combination for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2009. HKAS 27 (Revised) will affect the accounting treatment for changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of preparation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount(s) due from related companies/a director, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment on financial assets below).

#### Impairment on financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade and bills receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30-120 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment on financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial assets is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and bills receivables, other receivables, amount(s) due from related companies/a director, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance amount are recognised in profit or loss. When trade and bills receivables, other receivables, amount(s) due from related companies/a director, are considered uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into other financial liabilities.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and bills payables, other payables, amount due to a director and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and recognise a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the leases transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Impairment on tangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

#### **Borrowing costs**

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

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In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### (a) Estimated impairment of receivables

Management regularly reviews the recoverability and/or age of receivables. Appropriate impairment for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

In determining whether impairment for bad and doubtful debts is required, the Group takes into consideration the current creditworthiness, the past collection history, age status and likelihood of collection. Specific allowance is only made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised on the difference between the estimated future cash flow expected to receive discounted using the original effective interest rate and its carrying value. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional impairment may be required.

### (b) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, using the capital to promote the brand name products as ultimately increasing the market share in consumer industry. Further capital may be used to increase its horizon. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The Group monitors capital by maintaining cash flows from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities. Capital of the Group comprises all components of equity, bank balances and cash and borrowings. The usage of borrowings is used to support the daily operation.

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### (a) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets  Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)
Financial liabilities At amortised cost

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
785,067	565,578
	000 540
727,493	933,542

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount(s) due from related companies/a director, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, other payables, amount due to a director and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Company have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Approximately 16% (2008: 3%) of the Group's sales and purchases are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entity making the sales and purchases.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	As	sets	Liabi	lities
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HKD	2,891	1,544	1,099	5,121
Euro ("EUR")	113,786	16,668	133,958	15,850
Australian Dollars ("AUD")	126,469	20,491	123,389	19,529

The Group does not currently have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities as the directors consider the fluctuation in exchange rate of HKD/EUR/AUD to be insignificant. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant currency exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the currency of HKD/EUR/AUD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% (2008: 10%) increase and decrease in USD against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% (2008: 10%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 10% (2008: 10%) change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the functional currency of the Group. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where USD strengthen 10% (2008: 10%) against the relevant currency. For a 10% (2008: 10%) weakening of USD against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit, and the balances below would be negative.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

HKD	Impact	EUR	impact	AUD II	mpact
2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(179)	358	2,017	(82)	(308)	(96)

Profit or loss

Interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Management does not anticipate significant impact resulted from the change in interest rates on interest-bearing assets.

The Group's interest-rate risk arises from borrowings (see note 29 for details of these borrowings). Borrowings at fixed rate in USD expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. During 2009 and 2008, the Group's borrowings at fixed rate were denominated in USD.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate short-term bank balances (see note 24 for details of these balances). The exposure to the interest rate risk for variable-rate bank balances is insignificant as the bank balances have a short maturity period.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2008: 100 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

As at 31 December 2009, if interest rates on USD-denominated borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, profit after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$620,000 (2008: HK\$4,414,000) decrease/increase, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on fixed rate borrowings.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 46% (2008: 81%) and 84% (2008: 60%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers which are mainly located in the PRC and include a substantial shareholder of the Company and companies under its control.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalent deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group currently relies on borrowings as a significant source of liquidity.

The management will closely monitor the cash flow generated from operations and the Group's needs for different types of external financing and will negotiate for proper facilities and consider proper means of equity financing as appropriate.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Repayable on demand or less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months <i>HK</i> \$'000	Over 3 months but less than 1 year HK\$'000	1-5 years <i>HK\$</i> '000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at 31/12/2009 HK\$'000
2009 Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade and bills payables	435,647	19,645	_	_	455,292	455,292
Other payables	4,937	-	_	_	4,937	4,937
Amount due to a director	5	-	-	-	5	5
Borrowings	68,872	136,387	64,170		269,429	267,259
	509,461	156,032	64,170		729,663	727,493
	Repayable on		Over			
	demand or		3 months		Total	Carrying
	less than		but less		undiscounted	amount at
	1 month	1-3 months	than 1 year	1-5 years	cash flows	31/12/2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2008						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade and bills payables	233,045	18,403	4,498	-	255,946	255,946
Other payables	7,635	-	-	-	7,635	7,635
Amount due to a director	50 400	174.007	404.454	45.000	5	5
Borrowings	59,483	174,007	434,154	15,860	683,504	669,956
	300,168	192,410	438,652	15,860	947,090	933,542

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (c) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes for similar instruments.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 7. TURNOVER

The Group's turnover represents the invoiced value of goods sold, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

### 8. OTHER INCOME

Bank interest income
Compensation income from a subsidiary
of a substantial shareholder
Exchange gain, net
Others

2008 <i>HK</i> \$'000
1,303
6,341 653
81
8,378

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance. In contrast, the predecessor Standard (HKAS 14, Segment Reporting) required an entity to identify two sets of segments (business and geographical) using a risks and returns approach. The Group's primary reporting format was business segments and is currently organised into one single operating divisions – trading of consumer electronic products and related parts and components. The directors of the Company consider that the adoption of HKFRS 8 has not resulted in a redesignation of the reportable segments for the Group compared with the primary reportable segments determined in accordance with HKAS 14, nor has the adoption of HKFRS 8 changed the basis of measurement of segment profit or loss. Accordingly, no operating segment analysis is presented.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### Revenue from major products

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from operations from its major products:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Consumer electronic products and		
related parts and components	2,575,279	1,324,975

#### **Geographical information**

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by geographical market, irrespective of the origin of the goods:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
People's Republic of China	1,328,137	993,835
Europe	370,644	159,706
Australia	344,182	71,926
Hong Kong	67,635	49,410
Middle East	185,029	21,787
Africa	70,128	11,824
Other Asian District	97,304	7,355
United States of America ("USA")	3,998	3,176
South America	108,222	4,982
Other		974
	2,575,279	1,324,975

Non-current assets of the Group are located in Hong Kong.

### Information about major customer

Revenues from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
A group of companies under common control	1,776,669	1,075,991

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 10. FINANCE COSTS

Interest on:
Bank borrowings wholly repayable within 5 years
Loan from a related company wholly
repayable within 5 years

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
6,214	5,711
11,034	9,568
17,248	15,279

2009

2008

#### 11. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 December 2009, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2008: Nil).

# 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
- Current tax	4,403	2,046
- Over-provision in prior years	<u> </u>	(46)
	4,403	2,000

On 26 June 2008, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Revenue Bill 2008 which reduced corporate profits tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% effective from the year of assessment 2008/2009. Therefore, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follow:

	2009 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2008 HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	25,870	7,702
Tax at the domestic income tax rate		
of 16.5% (2008: 16.5%)	4,269	1,271
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(21)	(11)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	22	30
Tax effect of other deductible temporary differences		
not recognised	_	6
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	201	750
Over-provision in prior years	_	(46)
Others	(68)	
Income tax expense	4,403	2,000

#### 13. DEFERRED TAXATION

At 31 December 2009, the Group had unused tax losses and other deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$24,685,000 (2008: HK\$23,471,000) and HK\$448,000 (2008: HK\$36,000) respectively available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset in respect of other deductible temporary differences and unused tax loss has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 14. PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR

Profit and total comprehensive income for the year has been arrived at after charging:

Depreciation for plant and equipment Auditor's remuneration Cost of inventories recognised as an expense Staff costs (including directors' emoluments (note 15))

- Salaries and related staff costs

- Retirement benefits scheme contributions

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
76	100
850	790
2,512,715	1,297,743
6,549	5,822
146	136
6,695	5,958
670	

Exchange loss, net

### 15. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

Details of emoluments paid by the Group to the directors during the year are as follows:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2009

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
-	πφ σσσ	ΠΑΦΟΟΟ	1114 000	1114 000
Executive directors				
Mr. David Ji Long Fen	-	309	-	309
Ms. Shi Ping	-	-	-	-
Mr. Tang Yun	-	834	12	846
Mr. Wang Zhenhua	-	-	-	-
Mr. Xiang Chao Yang	-	120	-	120
Mr. Yu Xiao	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wu Xiangtao	-	679	12	691
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Jonathan Chan Ming Sun	120	-	-	120
Mr. Robert Ip Chun Chung	120	-	-	120
Mr. Sun Dongfeng	120			120
_	360	1,942	24	2,326

For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 15. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2008

•			Retirement	
		Salaries and	benefits scheme	
	Fees	allowances	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. David Ji Long Fen	_	515	_	515
Mr. Du Jun (Note (a))	_	108	3	111
Ms. Shi Ping	36	-	_	36
Mr. Tang Yun	_	612	12	624
Mr. Wang Zhenhua	36	-	_	36
Mr. Xiang Chao Yang	_	480	_	480
Mr. Yu Xiao	36	-	_	36
Mr. Wu Xiangtao (Note (b))	-	395	10	405
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Jonathan Chan Ming Sun	120	-	-	120
Mr. Robert Ip Chun Chung	120	-	-	120
Mr. Sun Dongfeng	120			120
	468	2,110	25	2,603

Note (a): Retired on 28 April 2008

Note (b): Appointed on 21 May 2008

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 15. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included two (2008: four) directors whose emolument is included in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2008: one) individuals are set out below:

Salaries and allowances
Retirement benefits scheme contributions

2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
1,334	458 12
1,370	470

The emoluments of the remaining individuals for both years fall within the band of less than HK\$1,000,000.

No emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years. None of the directors have waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

### 16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year ended 31 December 2009 of approximately HK\$21,467,000 (2008: HK\$5,702,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 318,000,000 (2008: 318,000,000) in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share is presented for both years as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the both years.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 17. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements  HK\$'000	Motor vehicle HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
COST				
At 1 January 2008	243	405	_	648
Additions	7	24		31
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	250	429	-	679
Additions	171		368	539
At 31 December 2009	421	429	368	1,218
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2008	165	337	_	502
Charge for the year	45	55		100
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	210	392	_	602
Charge for the year	29	29	18	76
At 31 December 2009	239	421	18	678
CARRYING VALUES				
At 31 December 2009	182	8	350	540
At 31 December 2008	40	37	_	77

The above items of plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives after taking into account their estimated residual values as below:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment Leasehold improvements Motor vehicle 5 years 5 - 6.25 years

3 years

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 18. INVENTORIES

2009 2008 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 8,437 2,169

Finished goods

#### 19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

Included in the balance are amounts due from subsidiaries of a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$285,799,000 (2008: HK\$75,665,000) and amount due from a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$314,643,000 (2008: HK\$320,949,000).

The Group allows an average credit period of 30-120 days (2008: 30-120 days) to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the reporting date:

Within 30 days
31 - 60 days
61 - 90 days
91 - 180 days
Over 180 days

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
218,662	119,089
165,701	180,268
148,270	102,393
88,835	44,245
57,629	63
679,097	446,058

Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed twice a year. 62% (2008: 76%) of the trade and bills receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the external credit scoring system used by the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Included in the Group's trade and bills receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$259,745,000 (2008: HK\$107,145,000) which were past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Included in trade and bills receivables are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group:

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	2009 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2008 <u>HK\$'000</u>
EUR AUD	10,124 18,033	1,488 3,709
HKD	67	2
RMB	11	_

Ageing of trade and bills receivables which are past due but not impaired:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	59,647	19,338
31 - 60 days	55,803	5,251
61 – 90 days	39,315	40,673
91 – 180 days	47,351	41,820
Over 180 days	57,629	63
Total	259,745	107,145

#### 20. TRADE DEPOSITS PAID

Included in the balance is the amount paid to a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$nil (2008: HK\$2,498,000) and amount paid to subsidiaries of a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$3,000 (2008: HK\$380,225,000).

#### 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

At 31 December 2009, included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is the amount of approximately HK\$524,000 (2008: HK\$21,000) which is denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Group.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 22. AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES

Amounts due from related companies disclosed pursuant to section 161B of the Companies Ordinance are as follows:

				Maximum amount outstanding
Name of related companies	Terms	Balance at 31/12/2009	Balance at 31/12/2008	during the year
related companies	Terms	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Apex Digital Inc. (Incorporated in British Virgin Islands) ("ADI") (Note a)	Unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand	65	65	65
Guangdong Changhong Electronics Co., Ltd. (Note b)	Unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand	-	3	3
四川長虹民生物流 有限責任公司 (Note b)	Unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand	-	30	30
Apex Digital (Shanghai) Co., Ltd (Note b)	Unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand	4	4	4
		69	102	

At 31 December 2009, the amounts of approximately HK\$69,000 (2008: HK\$102,000) are denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Group.

#### Notes:

- a. Mr. David Ji Long Fen, a director of the Company, had beneficial interest in ADI.
- b. Sichuan Changhong Electric Co., Ltd. ("Sichuan Changhong"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, is the parent company of these companies.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 23. AMOUNT DUE FROM A DIRECTOR

Amount due from a director disclosed pursuant to section 161B of the Companies Ordinance are as follows:

				Maximum amount outstanding
		Balance at	Balance at	during
Name of director	Terms	31/12/2009	31/12/2008	the year
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Wu Xiangtao (note)	Unsecured, interest free and			
	repayable on demand	39	_	39

Note: Appointed on 21 May 2008

# 24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK BALANCES AND CASH

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash	28,572 76,874	80,015 39,017
	105,446	119,032

Bank balances bears interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposits rates.

Included in pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group:

	2009 '000	2008
HKD	2,339	1,081
AUD	78	78
EUR	40	40

At 31 December 2009, pledged bank deposits were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group and carried interest at market rates ranging from 0.36% to 1.98%.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK BALANCES AND CASH (Continued)

At 31 December 2008, pledged bank deposits were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group and bank borrowings as set out in note 29 and carried interest at market rates ranging from 0.13% to 1.05%. The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of relevant bank borrowings.

#### 25. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

Included in the balance are amounts due to subsidiaries of a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$42,329,000 (2008: HK\$24,987,000) and amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$325,359,000 (2008: HK\$77,308,000). The ageing analysis of trade and bills payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

Within 30 days
31 - 60 days
61 - 90 days
91 - 180 days
181 - 365 days
Over 1 year

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
166,955	39,750
57,173	154,690
72,410	21,373
79,498	36,866
76,975	1,707
2,281	1,560
455,292	255,946

Included in trade and bills payables are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group:

	2009	2008
	'000	'000
HKD	16	_
EUR	11,965	1,450
AUD	17,670	3,635

The average credit period on purchase of goods is 30-120 days (2008: 30-120 days). The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 26. OTHER PAYABLES

Included in the balance are amounts due to subsidiaries of a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$1,302,000 (2008: HK\$4,161,000) and amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company of approximately HK\$52,000 (2008: HK\$nil).

Included in other payables are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group:

2009	2008
'000	'000
1,078	5,085

HKD

#### 27. CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Included in customer deposits are the following amounts denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Group:

2009 '000	2008
700	

HKD

### 28. AMOUNT DUE TO A DIRECTOR

The amount due to a director of the Company, Mr. David Ji Long Fen, is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 29. BORROWINGS

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Loan from a related company Bank loans on bills discounted with recourse	62,000 205,259	441,425 228,531
	267,259	669,956
Secured Unsecured	205,259 62,000	228,531 441,425
	267,259	669,956
Carrying amount repayable: On demand or within one year More than one year, but not exceeding two years	267,259 	654,455 15,501
Less: Amounts due within one year shown	267,259	669,956
under current liabilities		(654,455)
	267,259	15,501

Loans from a related company were advanced by Changhong (Hong Kong) Trading Limited, a subsidiary of substantial shareholder of the Company, in which Mr. Tang Yun (2008: Mr. Du Jun and Mr. Yu Xiao) have interest as common director(s). The balances were unsecured, bearing interest at fixed rates at 3.5% (2008: ranging from 4.55% to 4.6%) per annum.

At 31 December 2009, the Group's secured bank borrowings were secured by bills receivables of approximately HK\$216,062,000 (2008: HK\$230,623,000) and pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$nil (2008: HK\$80,015,000).

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 30. SHARE CAPITAL

	2009 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Authorised:		
1,200,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	30,000	30,000
Issued and fully paid: 318,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	7,950	7,950

Details of the Company's share option schemes are set out in note 31.

#### 31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 11 January 2000, the Company approved the share option scheme (the "Scheme") under which the directors may, at their discretion, grant options to full-time employees ("Employees") of the Company and its subsidiaries (including executive directors of the Company and its subsidiaries) to subscribe for shares in the Company. The scheme became effective upon the listing of the Company's shares on the GEM on 24 January 2000.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted may not exceed 10% of the share capital of the Company in issue from time to time other than: (i) shares issued pursuant to this Scheme; and (ii) any pro rata entitlements to further issues in respect of any shares mentioned in (i) during a period of 10 years from the date when the Scheme is adopted. The subscription price shall be a price determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion and notified to Employees and shall be no less than the higher of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the GEM on the offer date; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the GEM for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholder meetings.

During the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008, no option under the Scheme had been granted to any person, nor was there any outstanding option granted under the Scheme in issue.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

# 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Non-current assets  Plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	8 100	37 100
	108	137
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note a) Bank balances and cash	120 25 1,172	389 14 794
Current liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries (Note a)	1,317 850 13,879	1,197 620 13,222
	14,729	13,842
Net current liabilities	(13,412)	(12,645)
Capital and reserves Share capital Share premium and reserves (Note b)	7,950 (21,254)	7,950 (20,458)
	(13,304)	(12,508)

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (b) Movements of share premium and reserves during the year are as follows:

	Share premium	Accumulated losses	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2008	28,537	(45,482)	(16,945)
Loss for the year		(3,513)	(3,513)
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	28,537	(48,995)	(20,458)
Loss for the year		(796)	(796)
At 31 December 2009	28,537	(49,791)	(21,254)

### 33. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee:

Minimum lease payments under operating lease during the year

2009	2008
<i>HK\$'000</i>	HK\$'000
975	1,095

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of office premises and staff quarters falling due as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	1,031 677	853 
	1,708	853

Leases are negotiated and rentals are fixed for terms of 1 to 2 years (2008: 2 years).

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 34. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group has joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") for all of its employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rate specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

The retirement benefits scheme contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represent contributions payable to the scheme by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme. For the year ended 31 December 2009, contributions of the Group under the MPF Scheme amounted to approximately HK\$146,000 (2008: HK\$136,000).

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### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has the following transactions with related parties during the year:

Name of company	Nature of transaction	Notes	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Substantial shareholder Sichuan Changhong	Sales of goods Purchase of goods Management fee paid Sales commission paid	(ii) (ii)	1,179,057 529,584 - 17	725,004 241,175 190
Subsidiaries of Sichuan Changhong Guangdong Changhong Electronics Co., Ltd. Changhong Electric (Australia) Pty., Ltd. Guangdong Changhong Electronics Co., Ltd. Sichuan Changhong Component Technology Co., Ltd.	Sale commission paid Sales of goods Sales of goods Sales of goods	(iii) (ii) (ii) (ii)	206,498 40,027 5,918	11 71,926 209,480 3,264
Sichuan Changhong Network	Sales of goods	(ii)	86,685	41,464
Technologies Co., Ltd. Changhong Europe Electric S.R.O. Sichuan COC Display Devices Co., Ltd. P.T. Changhong Electric Indonesia P.T. Changhong Elektrindo Utama Guangdong Changhong Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of goods	(ii) (ii) (ii) (ii)	210,542 31 43,260 - -	16,174 7,840 613 199 27
Sichuan Hongrui Electronic Co., Ltd. Guangdong Changhong Electronics Co., Ltd. Sichuan Changhong Component	Sales of goods Purchase of goods Purchase of goods	(ii) (ii) (ii)	4,651 597,934 -	33,943 25,495
Technology Co., Ltd. Zhangshan Changhong Electric Co., Ltd. Sichuan Changhong Network Technologies Co., Ltd.	Purchase of goods Purchase of goods	(ii) (ii)	1,798 28,023	- 3,278
Hefei Meiling Co., Ltd. Sichuan Changhong Newenergy Technology Co., Ltd.	Purchase of goods Purchase of goods	(ii) (ii)	2,723 -	4,698 193
Europe office of Sichuan Changhong Electric Co., Ltd.	Purchase of goods	(ii)	-	51
Changhong (Hong Kong) Trading Ltd.	Sale commission paid Interest expenses paid	(i) (i)	- 11,034	6 9,568
Guangdong Changhong Electronics Co., Ltd.	Compensation income received	(iii)	-	6,341
Sichuan Changhong Electronics System Co., Ltd.	Sales commission paid	(iii)	283	-
Sichuan Changhong Newenergy Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales commission income	(iii)	1	-
Sichuan Changhong Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd.	Transportation income	(iii)	4	-

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Mr. Tang Yun (2008: Mr. Du Jun and Mr. Yu Xiao), director(s) of the Company, have beneficial interest in this company.
- (ii) The Company entered into the master supply agreement and the master purchase agreement with Sichuan Changhong in respect of the sales and purchases of various electronic products and components on 18 April 2007 and 9 May 2007 respectively (the "Existing Master Agreements"). According to the Existing Master Agreements, the relevant electronic products and components to be sold to or purchased from Sichuan Changhong or any of its subsidiaries for the supply or purchase of the relevant electronic products and components are to be made at prices with reference to the market prices and credit terms subject to normal commercial practices. As the Existing Master Agreements have been expired on 31 December 2009, the Company entered into the new master supply agreement and the master purchase agreement with Sichuan Changhong on 20 November 2009 to continue the sales and purchases of various electronic products and components between the Company and Sichuan Changhong or any of its subsidiaries from 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2012.
- (iii) Sichuan Changhong, a substantial shareholder of the Company, is the parent company of these companies.

### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

Short-term benefits
Post-employment benefits

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2,759	3,036
36	37
2,795	3,073

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

On 12 June 2006, Koninkljke Philips Electronics N.V. and United States Philips Corporation (the "plaintiffs") issued a writ of summons to the United States District Court, Central District of California, against eight parties (the "defendants"), including the Company, two subsidiaries of the Company, Apex Digital Inc. Limited and Apex Digital, LLC, an executive director of the Company, Mr. David Ji Long Fen, an former-executive director of the Company, Mr. Ancle Hse Ann Keh, a former substantial shareholder, Apex Digital Inc (which is incorporated in United States and wholly-owned by Mr. David Ji Long Fen, director of the Company), United Delta Inc and an individual. The defendants were claimed damages for patent infringement for the distribution of unlicensed DVD products within USA.

On 2 August 2007, a settlement has been reached between the plaintiffs and the defendants and the proceedings were dismissed without prejudice. Pursuant to the terms of the settlement, one of the defendants, Apex Digital Inc (incorporated in United States) needs to pay a total amount of US\$3,284,000 to the plaintiffs by installments on or before June 2008. On 18 September 2007, the Group has signed an agreement with Apex Digital Inc (incorporated in United States) that Apex Digital Inc (incorporated in United States) has agreed to bear all the payments and legal professional fees incurred. Up to 31 December 2009, Apex Digital Inc (incorporated in United States) has paid the amount of US\$2,150,000 to the plaintiffs. Notwithstanding that the amount has not been fully settled according to the terms of settlement, Apex Digital Inc (incorporated in United States) repays the amount by installments continuously subsequent to the end of the reporting date and the directors of the Company are not aware of any further action taken by plaintiffs. Accordingly, no provision has been provided for the year ended 31 December 2009.

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For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 37. SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Issued and fully paid up ordinary share capital/ registered capital	e attrib	entage of quity utable to company Indirect	Principal activities
Apex Honour Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100	-	Investment holding
Apex Digital Inc.	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100	-	Inactive
Changhong Overseas  Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100	-	Trading of consumer electronic products and related parts and components
Apex Digital, LLC	USA	US\$365,190	-	100	Inactive
Apex Digital Inc. Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100	Trading of consumer electronic products and related parts and components

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.